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# Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

## 1.- DESCRIPTION

Calculation of the punching shear perimeters																													
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Perimeter of the support (P5)</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>u_0</math>:</td> <td>1200 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Critical perimeter</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>u_1</math>:</td> <td>3899 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>x_G</math>:</td> <td>2000 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>y_G</math>:</td> <td>2000 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>W_{1x}</math>:</td> <td>15351.7 cm<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>W_{1y}</math>:</td> <td>15351.7 cm<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Punching shear reinforcement perimeter</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>u_{out,ef}</math>:</td> <td>3440 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>x_G</math>:</td> <td>2000 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>y_G</math>:</td> <td>2000 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>W_{out,ef,x}</math>:</td> <td>18960.1 cm<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>W_{out,ef,y}</math>:</td> <td>18960.1 cm<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> </table>	<b>Perimeter of the support (P5)</b>		$u_0$ :	1200 mm	<b>Critical perimeter</b>		$u_1$ :	3899 mm	$x_G$ :	2000 mm	$y_G$ :	2000 mm	$W_{1x}$ :	15351.7 cm <sup>2</sup>	$W_{1y}$ :	15351.7 cm <sup>2</sup>	<b>Punching shear reinforcement perimeter</b>		$u_{out,ef}$ :	3440 mm	$x_G$ :	2000 mm	$y_G$ :	2000 mm	$W_{out,ef,x}$ :	18960.1 cm <sup>2</sup>	$W_{out,ef,y}$ :	18960.1 cm <sup>2</sup>
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## 2.- CHECKS

### 2.1.- Perimeter of the support (P5)

#### 2.1.1.- Zone adjacent to the support or load (non-seismic combinations)

The worst case design forces occur for load combination 1.35·SW+1.35·DL+1.5·Qa.

The following criteria must be satisfied:

$$v_{Ed} \leq v_{Rd,max}$$

$$0.98 \text{ MPa} \leq 4.50 \text{ MPa} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$v_{Ed}$ : Design value of the shear stress along the control section considered.

$$v_{Ed} : \underline{0.98} \text{ MPa}$$

$v_{Rd,max}$ : Design value of the maximum punching shear resistance along the control section considered.

$$v_{Rd,max} : \underline{4.50} \text{ MPa}$$

The design value of the shear stress along the control section considered is obtained from the following expression (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.5):

$$v_{Ed} = \frac{\beta \cdot V_{Ed}}{u_0 \cdot d}$$

$$v_{Ed} : \underline{0.98} \text{ MPa}$$

Where:

$V_{Ed}$ : Design value of the applied shear force.

$$V_{Ed} : \underline{252.18} \text{ kN}$$

$\beta$ : Coefficient which takes into account the effects of load eccentricity. (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.3).

$$\beta : \underline{1.00}$$

$$\beta = 1 + k_x \cdot \frac{|M_{Edx}|}{|V_{Ed}|} \cdot \frac{u_1}{W_{1x}} + k_y \cdot \frac{|M_{Edy}|}{|V_{Ed}|} \cdot \frac{u_1}{W_{1y}}$$

## Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

$k_x$ : Coefficient which depends on the relationship between the dimensions  $c_y$  (dimension in direction of the y-axis) and  $c_x$  (dimension in direction of the x-axis) of the column (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, Table 6.1).

$$k_x : \underline{0.60}$$

$k_y$ : Coefficient which depends on the relationship between the dimensions  $c_x$  (dimension in direction of the x-axis) and  $c_y$  (dimension in direction of the y-axis) of the column (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, Table 6.1).

$$k_y : \underline{0.60}$$

$M_{Edx}$ : Design moment around the x-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the critical perimeter  $u_1$ .

$$M_{Edx} = M_{EdOx} + V_{Ed} \cdot y_G$$

$$M_{Edx} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{Edy}$ : Design moment around the y-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the critical perimeter  $u_1$ .

$$M_{Edy} = M_{EdOy} - V_{Ed} \cdot x_G$$

$$M_{Edy} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{EdOx}$ : Design moment around the x-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the column.

$$M_{EdOx} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{EdOy}$ : Design moment around the y-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the column.

$$M_{EdOy} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$x_G$ : x-coordinate of the center of gravity of the  $u_1$  critical perimeter regarding the center of the column.

$$x_G : \underline{2000} \text{ mm}$$

$y_G$ : y-coordinate of the center of gravity of the  $u_1$  critical perimeter regarding the center of the column.

$$y_G : \underline{2000} \text{ mm}$$

$u_1$ : Critical punching shear perimeter (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.2).

$$u_1 : \underline{3899} \text{ mm}$$

$$W_{1x} = \int_0^{u_1} |e_y| \cdot dl$$

$$W_{1x} : \underline{15351.7} \text{ cm}^2$$

dl: Differential element of the critical perimeter length.

$e_y$ : Distance from dl to the axis where the moment  $M_{Edx}$  acts about.

$$W_{1y} = \int_0^{u_1} |e_x| \cdot dl$$

$$W_{1y} : \underline{15351.7} \text{ cm}^2$$

$e_x$ : Distance from dl to the axis where the moment  $M_{Edy}$  acts about.

$u_0$ : Verification critical punching shear perimeter of the area adjacent to the support or load (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.5).

$$u_0 : \underline{1200} \text{ mm}$$

d: Nominal depth of the slab.

$$d : \underline{215} \text{ mm}$$

The design value of the maximum punching shear resistance along the control section considered is obtained from the following expression (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.5):

$$v_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$$

$$v_{Rd,max} : \underline{4.50} \text{ MPa}$$

$$v = 0.6 \cdot \left( 1 - \frac{f_{ck}}{250} \right)$$

$$n : \underline{0.54}$$

Where:

$f_{ck}$ : Concrete compressive strength.

$$f_{ck} : \underline{25.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$f_{cd}$ : Design value of the concrete compression force in the direction of the longitudinal member axis.

$$f_{cd} : \underline{16.67} \text{ MPa}$$

# Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

## 2.2.- Critical perimeter (P5)

### 2.2.1.- Zone with punching shear reinforcement (non-seismic combinations)

The worst case design forces occur for load combination 1.35·SW+1.35·DL+1.5·Qa.  
The following criteria must be satisfied:

$$V_{Ed} \leq V_{Rd,cs}$$

$$0.30 \text{ MPa} \leq 0.62 \text{ MPa} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$V_{Ed}$ : Design value of the shear stress along the control section considered.

$$V_{Ed} : \underline{0.30} \text{ MPa}$$

$V_{Rd,cs}$ : Design value of the punching shear resistance of a slab with punching shear reinforcement along the control section considered.

$$V_{Rd,cs} : \underline{0.62} \text{ MPa}$$

The design value of the shear stress along the control section considered is obtained from the following expression (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.3):

$$v_{Ed} = \frac{|\beta \cdot V_{Ed}|}{u_1 \cdot d}$$

$$V_{Ed} : \underline{0.30} \text{ MPa}$$

Where:

$V_{Ed}$ : Design value of the applied shear force.

$$V_{Ed} : \underline{252.18} \text{ kN}$$

$\beta$ : Coefficient which takes into account the effects of load eccentricity. (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.3).

$$\beta : \underline{1.00}$$

$$\beta = 1 + k_x \cdot \frac{|M_{Edx}|}{V_{Ed}} \cdot \frac{u_1}{W_{1x}} + k_y \cdot \frac{|M_{Edy}|}{V_{Ed}} \cdot \frac{u_1}{W_{1y}}$$

$k_x$ : Coefficient which depends on the relationship between the dimensions  $c_y$  (dimension in direction of the y-axis) and  $c_x$  (dimension in direction of the x-axis) of the column (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, Table 6.1).

$$k_x : \underline{0.60}$$

$k_y$ : Coefficient which depends on the relationship between the dimensions  $c_x$  (dimension in direction of the x-axis) and  $c_y$  (dimension in direction of the y-axis) of the column (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, Table 6.1).

$$k_y : \underline{0.60}$$

$M_{Edx}$ : Design moment around the x-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the critical perimeter  $u_1$ .

$$M_{Edx} = M_{EdOx} + V_{Ed} \cdot y_G$$

$$M_{Edx} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{Edy}$ : Design moment around the y-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the critical perimeter  $u_1$ .

$$M_{Edy} = M_{EdOy} - V_{Ed} \cdot x_G$$

$$M_{Edy} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{EdOx}$ : Design moment around the x-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the column.

$$M_{EdOx} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{EdOy}$ : Design moment around the y-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the column.

$$M_{EdOy} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$x_G$ : x-coordinate of the center of gravity of the  $u_1$  critical perimeter regarding the center of the column.

$$x_G : \underline{2000} \text{ mm}$$

$y_G$ : y-coordinate of the center of gravity of the  $u_1$  critical perimeter regarding the center of the column.

$$y_G : \underline{2000} \text{ mm}$$

$u_1$ : Critical punching shear perimeter (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.2).

$$u_1 : \underline{3899} \text{ mm}$$

$$W_{1x} = \int_0^{u_1} |e_y| \cdot dl$$

$$W_{1x} : \underline{15351.7} \text{ cm}^2$$

$dl$ : Differential element of the critical perimeter length.

## Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

$e_y$ : Distance from dl to the axis where the moment  $M_{Edx}$  acts about.

$$W_{1y} = \int_0^{u_1} |e_x| \cdot dl$$

$$W_{1y} : \underline{15351.7} \text{ cm}^2$$

$e_x$ : Distance from dl to the axis where the moment  $M_{Edy}$  acts about.

d: Nominal depth of the slab.

$$d : \underline{215} \text{ mm}$$

The design value of the punching shear resistance of a slab with punching shear reinforcement along the control section considered is obtained from the following expression (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.5):

$$v_{Rd,cs} = 0.75 \cdot v_{Rd,c} + 1.5 \cdot \frac{\sum \left( \frac{A_{sw}}{s_r} \cdot f_{ywd,ef} \cdot \sin \alpha \right)}{u_1}$$

$$v_{Rd,cs} : \underline{0.62} \text{ MPa}$$

Where:

$$v_{Rd,c} = \frac{0.18}{\gamma_c} \cdot k \cdot (100 \cdot \rho_l \cdot f_{ck})^{1/3} + 0.1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}$$

$$v_{Rd,c} : \underline{0.48} \text{ MPa}$$

with a minimum value of:

$$v_{Rd,c,min} = 0.035 \cdot k^{3/2} \cdot f_{ck}^{1/2} + 0.1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}$$

$$v_{Rd,c,min} : \underline{0.48} \text{ MPa}$$

Where:

$g_c$ : Concrete resistance reduction coefficient.

$$g_c : \underline{1.50}$$

k: Coefficient which depends on the nominal depth of 'd'.

$$k : \underline{1.96}$$

$$k = \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{200}{d}} \right) \leq 2$$

$f_{ck}$ : Concrete compressive strength.

$$f_{ck} : \underline{25.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$r_l$ : Geometric steel area of the main tensile longitudinal reinforcement.

$$r_l : \underline{0.0021}$$

$$\rho_l = \sqrt{\rho_{lx} \cdot \rho_{ly}} \leq 0.02$$

Where:

$r_{lx}$ : Ratio in X-direction.

$$r_{lx} : \underline{0.0021}$$

$r_{ly}$ : Ratio in Y-direction.

$$r_{ly} : \underline{0.0021}$$

$\sigma_{cp}$ : Average axial stress on the critical verification surface (positive compression), with a maximum value of  $\sigma_{cp,max}$ .

$$\sigma_{cp} : \underline{0.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{cp,max} = 0.20 \cdot f_{cd}$$

$$\sigma_{cp,max} : \underline{3.33} \text{ MPa}$$

$f_{cd}$ : Design value of the concrete compression force in the direction of the longitudinal member axis.

$$f_{cd} : \underline{16.67} \text{ MPa}$$

$A_{sw}$ : Total area of punching shear reinforcement within a perimeter concentric with the support or loaded area.

$s_r$ : Radial distance between two concentric perimeters of reinforcement.

$\alpha$ : Angle between the shear reinforcement and the plane of the slab.

Reference	$A_{sw}$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	$s_r$ (mm)	$\alpha$ (degrees)	$A_{sw}/s_r$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /m)
Beam 2	113	100	90.0	11.3
Beam 2	113	100	90.0	11.3

## Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

$f_{ywd,ef}$ : Effective design strength of the punching shear reinforcement.

$$f_{ywd,ef} : \underline{304.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$$f_{ywd,ef} = 250 + 0.25 \cdot d \leq f_{ywd}$$

$f_{ywd}$ : Design yield strength of the shear reinforcement.

$$f_{ywd} = 0.8 \cdot f_{ywk}$$

$$f_{ywd} : \underline{320.00} \text{ MPa}$$

(EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.2.3(3))

$$f_{ywk} : \underline{400.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$u_1$ : Critical punching shear perimeter (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.2).

$$u_1 : \underline{3899} \text{ mm}$$

### 2.3.- Punching shear reinforcement perimeter (P5)

#### 2.3.1.- External zone to the punching shear reinforcement (non-seismic combinations)

The worst case design forces occur for load combination 1.35·SW+1.35·DL+1.5·Qa.

The following criteria must be satisfied:

$$V_{Ed} \leq V_{Rd,c}$$

$$0.34 \text{ MPa} \leq 0.48 \text{ MPa} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$v_{Ed}$ : Design value of the shear stress along the control section considered.

$$v_{Ed} : \underline{0.34} \text{ MPa}$$

$V_{Rd,c}$ : Design value of the punching shear resistance of a slab without punching shear reinforcement along the control section considered.

$$V_{Rd,c} : \underline{0.48} \text{ MPa}$$

The design value of the shear stress along the control section considered is obtained from the following expression (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.5):

$$v_{Ed} = \frac{|\beta \cdot V_{Ed}|}{u_{out,ef} \cdot d}$$

$$v_{Ed} : \underline{0.34} \text{ MPa}$$

Where:

$V_{Ed}$ : Design value of the applied shear force.

$$V_{Ed} : \underline{252.18} \text{ kN}$$

$\beta$ : Coefficient which takes into account the effects of load eccentricity. (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.3).

$$\beta : \underline{1.00}$$

$$\beta = 1 + k_x \cdot \frac{|M_{Edx}|}{|V_{Ed}|} \cdot \frac{u_{out,ef}}{W_{out,ef,x}} + k_y \cdot \frac{|M_{Edy}|}{|V_{Ed}|} \cdot \frac{u_{out,ef}}{W_{out,ef,y}}$$

$k_x$ : Coefficient which depends on the relationship between the dimensions  $c_y$  (dimension in direction of the y-axis) and  $c_x$  (dimension in direction of the x-axis) of the column (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, Table 6.1).

$$k_x : \underline{0.60}$$

$k_y$ : Coefficient which depends on the relationship between the dimensions  $c_x$  (dimension in direction of the x-axis) and  $c_y$  (dimension in direction of the y-axis) of the column (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, Table 6.1).

$$k_y : \underline{0.60}$$

$M_{Edx}$ : Design moment around the x-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the critical perimeter  $u_{out,ef}$ .

$$M_{Edx} = M_{EdOx} + V_{Ed} \cdot y_G$$

$$M_{Edx} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{Edy}$ : Design moment around the y-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the critical perimeter  $u_{out,ef}$ .

## Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

$$M_{Edy} = M_{EdOy} - V_{Ed} \cdot x_G$$

$$M_{Edy} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{EdOx}$ : Design moment around the x-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the column.

$$M_{EdOx} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_{EdOy}$ : Design moment around the y-axis, regarding the center of gravity of the column.

$$M_{EdOy} : \underline{0.00} \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$x_G$ : x-coordinate of the center of gravity of the  $u_{out,ef}$  critical perimeter regarding the center of the column.

$$x_G : \underline{2000} \text{ mm}$$

$y_G$ : y-coordinate of the center of gravity of the  $u_{out,ef}$  critical perimeter regarding the center of the column.

$$y_G : \underline{2000} \text{ mm}$$

$u_{out,ef}$ : Critical punching shear perimeter outside the reinforced zone (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.5).

$$u_{out,ef} : \underline{3440} \text{ mm}$$

$$W_{out,ef,x} = \int_0^{u_{out,ef}} |e_y| \cdot dl$$

$$W_{out,ef,x} : \underline{18960.1} \text{ cm}^2$$

dl: Differential element of the critical perimeter length.

$e_y$ : Distance from dl to the axis where the moment  $M_{Edx}$  acts about.

$$W_{out,ef,y} = \int_0^{u_{out,ef}} |e_x| \cdot dl$$

$$W_{out,ef,y} : \underline{18960.1} \text{ cm}^2$$

$e_x$ : Distance from dl to the axis where the moment  $M_{Edy}$  acts about.

d: Nominal depth of the slab.

$$d : \underline{215} \text{ mm}$$

The design value of the punching shear resistance of a slab without punching shear reinforcement along the control section considered is obtained from the following expression (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 6.4.4):

$$v_{Rd,c} = \frac{0.18}{\gamma_c} \cdot k \cdot (100 \cdot \rho_l \cdot f_{ck})^{1/3} + 0.1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}$$

$$v_{Rd,c} : \underline{0.48} \text{ MPa}$$

with a minimum value of:

$$v_{Rd,c,min} = 0.035 \cdot k^{3/2} \cdot f_{ck}^{1/2} + 0.1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}$$

$$v_{Rd,c,min} : \underline{0.48} \text{ MPa}$$

Where:

$g_c$ : Concrete resistance reduction coefficient.

$$g_c : \underline{1.50}$$

k: Coefficient which depends on the nominal depth of 'd'.

$$k : \underline{1.96}$$

$$k = \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{200}{d}} \right) \leq 2$$

$f_{ck}$ : Concrete compressive strength.

$$f_{ck} : \underline{25.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$r_l$ : Geometric steel area of the main tensile longitudinal reinforcement.

$$r_l : \underline{0.0021}$$

$$\rho_l = \sqrt{\rho_{lx} \cdot \rho_{ly}} \leq 0.02$$

Where:

$r_{lx}$ : Ratio in X-direction.

$$r_{lx} : \underline{0.0021}$$

$r_{ly}$ : Ratio in Y-direction.

$$r_{ly} : \underline{0.0021}$$

$\sigma_{cp}$ : Average axial stress on the critical verification surface (positive compression), with a maximum value of  $\sigma_{cp,max}$ .

$$\sigma_{cp} : \underline{0.00} \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{cp,max} = 0.20 \cdot f_{cd}$$

$$\sigma_{cp,max} : \underline{3.33} \text{ MPa}$$

$f_{cd}$ : Design value of the concrete compression force in the direction of the longitudinal member axis.

$$f_{cd} : \underline{16.67} \text{ MPa}$$

# Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

## 2.4.- Additional reinf. (P5)

### 2.4.1.- Punching shear reinforcement (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 9.4.3(2)) (non-seismic combinations)

Where shear reinforcement is required the area of a link leg (or equivalent),  $A_{sw,min}$ , is given by Expression (9.11).

$$A_{sw,min} \cdot (1,5 \cdot \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha) / (s_r \cdot s_t) \geq 0,08 \cdot \sqrt{f_{ck}} / f_{yk} \quad (9.11) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rho_w = A_{sw,min} \cdot (1,5 \cdot \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha) / (s_r \cdot s_t)$$

$$\rho_{w,min} = 0,08 \cdot \sqrt{f_{ck}} / f_{yk}$$

Reference	$A_{sw}$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	$s_r$ (mm)	$s_t$ (mm)	$\alpha$ (degrees)	$\rho_w$	$\rho_{w,min}$	$\rho_w \geq \rho_{w,min}$
Beam 2	28	100	214	90.0	0.0020	0.0010	
Beam 2	28	100	214	90.0	0.0020	0.0010	

where:

$A_{sw}$ : the area of a link leg (or equivalent).

$\alpha$ : is the angle between the shear reinforcement and the main steel (i.e. for vertical links  $\alpha = 90^\circ$  and  $\sin \alpha = 1$ ).

$s_r$ : is the spacing of shear links in the radial direction.

$s_t$ : is the spacing of shear links in the tangential direction.

$f_{ck}$ : is in MPa

$f_{ck}$  : 25.00 MPa

### 2.4.2.- Clear distance between two isolated consecutive bars

The horizontal and vertical clear spacing  $d_l$  between two consecutive bars should be greater than or equal to  $s_{min}$  (8.2(2),  $d_g$ ):

$$d_l \geq s_{min}$$

$$94 \text{ mm} \geq 20 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$s_{min}$ : Maximum value of  $s_1, s_2, s_3$ .

$s_{min}$  : 20 mm

$$s_1 = \emptyset_{max}$$

$s_1$  : 6 mm

$$s_2 = 5 + d_g$$

$s_2$  : 20 mm

$$s_3 = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$s_3$  : 20 mm

Where:

EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008: Maximum size of aggregate.

EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008 : 15 mm

$\emptyset_{max}$ : Diameter of the thickest bar of the transverse reinforcement.

$\emptyset_{max}$  : 6 mm

	$d_l$ (mm)	$s_{min}$ (mm)	$\emptyset_{max}$ (mm)	
Beam 2	94	20	6	
Beam 2	94	20	6	



# Verification of the ultimate punching shear resistance

## 2.4.3.- Distance between the support's face and the first punching shear reinforcement

The distance between the face of the support or loaded area and the first punching shear reinforcement should not be greater than  $s_{max}$  (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 9.4.3):

$$d_l \leq s_{max} \quad 20 \text{ mm} \leq 108 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$$s_{max} = 0.5 \cdot d \quad s_{max} : \underline{108} \text{ mm}$$

d: Nominal depth of the slab.

$$d : \underline{215} \text{ mm}$$

## 2.4.4.- Distance between transverse consecutive reinforcement perimeters

The distance  $d_l$  between consecutive transverse reinforcement perimeters should be, at most, equal to  $s_{max}$  (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 9.4.3):

$$d_l \leq s_{max} \quad 100 \text{ mm} \leq 161 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$$s_{max} = 0.75 \cdot d \quad s_{max} : \underline{161} \text{ mm}$$

d: Nominal depth of the slab.

$$d : \underline{215} \text{ mm}$$

## 2.4.5.- Distance between two consecutive reinforcements in peripheral direction

The distance  $d_l$  between two consecutive perimeter reinforcements should not be greater than  $s_{max}$  (EN 1992-1-1:2004/AC:2008, 9.4.3):

$$d_l \leq s_{max} \quad 214 \text{ mm} \leq 323 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark$$

Where:

$$s_{max} = 1.5 \cdot d \quad s_{max} : \underline{323} \text{ mm}$$

d: Nominal depth of the slab.

$$d : \underline{215} \text{ mm}$$